# Monkey musk

# Erythranthe guttata

## **Family**

Scrophulariaceae (snapdragon)

#### Also known as

Monkey flower, Mimulus guttatus

#### What does it look like?

Erect perennial bog herb (<60 cm tall) with rhizome root system, stiff, thick and occasionally branched stems. Oval bright green leaves (<12 x 8 cm) are usually hairless with serrated edges. Yellow flowers (3cm diameter) with red spots on the bearded lower lip appear from Nov-March, followed by 2-valved seed capsule (1 cm long) containing many patterned seeds.

# Are there any similar species?

*Mimulus moschatus* is smaller, sticky-hairy perennial, flowers (2cm diameter) with no red blotches, common. *M. luteus* is similar, in cultivation.

# Why is it weedy?

Tolerant of cold to hot, wind, semi-shade, most soils. Fast growing, has creeping rhizomes root system, and seeds and fragments of root system are widely dispersed.

## How does it spread?

Seeds and fragments of rhizome roots in water, dumped soil, vegetation, and drain and pond contents.

## What damage does it do?

Invades freshwater margins, replacing native species.

## Which habitats is it likely to invade?

Swamps, lakes, streams, wet places throughout NZ.

#### What can I do to get rid of it?

- 1. Dig out small patches (all year round): dispose of at refuse transfer station, burn or bury.
- 2. Overall spray (all year round): glyphosate (100ml/10L + penetrant).

#### What can I do to stop it coming back?

Plant tall species to create shade. Begin control at top of catchment.



www.weedbusters.org.nz



Photo: Carolyn Lewis



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